NOTICE OF MEETING

Cabinet Member Signing: Taken Under Special Urgency

Friday, 12 June 2020, 09.00 am - URGENT

Members: Councillor Gideon Bull– Cabinet Member for Local Investment and Economic Growth

Quorum: 1

1. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

2. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

A member with a disclosable pecuniary interest or a prejudicial interest in a matter who attends a meeting of the authority at which the matter is considered:

- (i) must disclose the interest at the start of the meeting or when the interest becomes apparent, and
- (ii) may not participate in any discussion or vote on the matter and must withdraw from the meeting room.

A member who discloses at a meeting a disclosable pecuniary interest which is not registered in the Register of Members' Interests or the subject of a pending notification must notify the Monitoring Officer of the interest within 28 days of the disclosure.

Disclosable pecuniary interests, personal interests and prejudicial interests are defined at Paragraphs 5-7 and Appendix A of the Members' Code of Conduct

3. COVID-19 DISCRETIONARY GRANTS FUND SCHEME (PAGES 1 - 14)

The Chair of Overview and Scrutiny has further agreed that the call-in procedure shall not apply to this urgent decision. This is because the decision is urgent and any delay in implementation caused by the call-in procedure would seriously prejudice the Council's or the public's interests due to the fact that this is a National emergency and the Council must ensure that it is providing access to funding for local businesses to continue. This scheme is designed to support those businesses ineliaible for the first two grant



schemes where support has been available since early April and so it is important to that support reaches eligible businesses without any further delay. The Chair of Overview and Scrutiny Committee has agreed that the decision is both reasonable in all circumstances, and that it should be treated as a matter of urgency. This is in accordance with Part 4, Section H, and Paragraph 18 (a) and (b) of the Council Constitution.

Ayshe Simsek Democratic Services and Scrutiny Manager

Tel - 0208 489 2929 Fax - 020 8881 5218

Email: ayshe.simsek@haringey.gov.uk

Bernie Ryan Assistant Director – Corporate Governance and Monitoring Officer River Park House, 225 High Road, Wood Green, N22 8HQ

Thursday, 11 June 2020

Agenda Item 3

Report for: Urgent Cabinet Member Signing 12 June 2020

Title: COVID-19 Discretionary Grants Fund Scheme

Report

authorised by: Mark Baigent - Interim Director Housing, Regeneration &

Planning

Lead Officer: Peter O'Brien – Assistant Director Regeneration & Economic

Development

Ward(s) affected: All

Report for Key/

Non Key Decision: Key

1. Describe the issue under consideration

- 1.1 The government has announced a range of financial support packages in response to the economic impact COVID-19. This included the Small Business Grant and the Retail, Hospitality and Leisure Grant funds which are providing support to over 3,000 Haringey businesses.
- 1.2 However, a significant number of businesses were ineligible for support based on the criteria set out by the Government for these two schemes. Following lobbying by Haringey Council and others, a Discretionary Grants Fund Scheme was announced by the Government on the 1st May 2020.
- 1.3 This report provides details of the guidance issued to local authorities (sections 5-9) and makes recommendations on the eligibility criteria and grant levels to be awarded (sections 10-15).

2. Recommendations

- 2.1 That the Cabinet Member for Local Investment and Economic Growth:
 - 2.1.1. Approves the Haringey Discretionary Grant Scheme as described in this report and appendices.
 - 2.1.2. Delegates authority to the Director of Housing, Regeneration and Planning in consultation with the Cabinet Member for Local Investment and Economic Growth decisions to agree the criteria for the disbursement of any residual funds after the scheme has been fully applied.



3. Reasons for decision

- 3.1. COVID-19 is having a significant impact on both local businesses and the local economy.
- 3.2. The Discretionary Grants Fund Scheme will enable the council to support some businesses who were not eligible for a grant under the previous two schemes.
- 3.3. The guidance issued by the government identifies its priorities for which businesses should be supported but allows for local authorities to design their own scheme within the constraints of the mandatory criteria set out in the guidance.
- 3.4. Haringey Council is committed to Community Wealth Building. In the Borough Plan we have stated that we want to build the strength, depth and wealth of our local economy to support our businesses and residents to thrive. Community Wealth Building will be key element in supporting our businesses to recover from COVID-19. The Haringey local scheme will support many small and micro businesses, who lie at the heart of our economy, includes a number of charities, and specifically includes many of our nurseries who play such an important role in supporting the social, community and economic fabric of our borough.

4. Alternative options considered

- 4.1. The proposals set out in this report are considered to be the most effective overall scheme taking into account the sum allocated to the council, the criteria set by the Government, and reflecting the council's intelligence on local circumstances.
- 4.2. A number of alternative models have been considered and the council is aware of a range of scheme designs being progressed by other boroughs.
- 4.3. Option 1: first come first served advocated by a number of boroughs where the sum allocated cannot possibly cover the potential number of businesses. In Haringey's circumstances, it is felt that the scheme could be designed in a manner which would provide a reasonable grant level to eligible applicants. Option 1 would have left a large number of potentially eligible businesses being refused once the scheme had been exhausted.
- 4.4. Option 2: points based approach this approach was felt to be administratively cumbersome and time-consuming and would lead to long processing times. Given the financial situation of many Haringey businesses, speed was felt to be of the essence and hence administrative simplicity is favoured.



5. Background

The Discretionary Grants Fund Scheme and Government Guidance

- 5.1. The government announced the Local Authority Discretionary Grants Fund Scheme (DGF) on the 1 May 2020.
- 5.2. Guidance was issued on 13 May 2020 and this was updated on 22 May 2020 with technical questions and answers issued on 26 May 2020.
- 5.3. This Fund is aimed at small and micro businesses who were not eligible for the Small Business Grant (SBG) or the Retail, Hospitality and Leisure Grant (RHLG) funds.
- 5.4. A summary of the guidance is shown below, with further details in Appendix 1.

Funding

- 5.5. The funding allocation for this scheme is of 5% of projected spend for the initial two grant schemes. The baseline funding allocation for Haringey is £3.153m.
- 5.6. The government will meet New Burdens Costs in relation the administration of this fund.

Grant Payment Levels

- 5.7. The guidance states that local authorities may disburse grants to the value of £25,000, £10,000 or any amount under £10,000. The value of payments to be made to businesses is at the discretion of the local authority.
- 5.8. Local authorities should set out on their websites clear criteria for determining the appropriate level of grant to give businesses clarity, and clear guidance as to which business types are being prioritised.

Government guidance on who should benefit from the Scheme

- 5.9. The guidance allows for local authorities to exercise local knowledge and discretion, recognising economic need varies across the country. It sets out national criteria but allowing local authorities to determine which cases to support within those criteria.
- 5.10. Where limits to funding require local authorities to prioritise which types of businesses will receive funding, it is at each authority's discretion as to which types of business are most relevant to the local economy. There will be no penalties to local authorities because of their use of discretion to prioritise some business types.



Eligibility

- 5.11. This grant funding is for businesses that are not eligible for other support schemes.
- 5.12. Businesses should confirm that they are eligible for the grant scheme and that payments accepted will be in compliance with State Aid requirements.

Haringey Discretionary Grant Scheme

5.13. A summary of the proposed scheme is detailed below, with further details shown in Appendix 2.

Principles applied to developing Haringey's Local Scheme

- 5.14. A set of criteria is proposed that is considered to be:
 - 5.14.1. Proportionate size of individual grant payments appropriate to level of fixed costs included in criteria.
 - 5.14.2. Wide reaching getting some support to as many businesses as possible, recognising there are insufficient funds to reach all businesses who need support.
 - 5.14.3. Logical a consistent, streamlined approach which reduces the risk of appeals/complaints, is not overly resource intensive with a tangible mechanism of calculating grant payments.
- 5.15. Scheme details will be published on the council's website.

Priority Groups

- 5.16. In determining the recommended priority business groups eligible for support through the scheme, consideration has been given to the social and community value these businesses bring to the local economy as well as targeting the small and micro businesses not eligible for support from the SB or RHLG.
- 5.17. Therefore, it is recommended that the four priority groups identified in the guidance are eligible for this scheme.
- 5.18. Childcare nurseries in receipt of nursery rate relief, or who pay a rent inclusive of business rates, are not eligible for the SBG or RHLG schemes.
- 5.19. Recognising the social value of childcare nurseries as well as the economic value in supporting residents returning to work, it is recommended this business group is also included.



- 5.20. It is estimated that prioritising these 5 groups will enable the council to provide support to a further 970-1,200 businesses.
- 5.21. The council's estimate is that the fund would be exhausted after allocating to these categories.
- 5.22. For this reason, it should be recognised that there are a number of business groups who were not eligible for support through the SBG or RHLG who will not be covered by this scheme.

Local Eligibility Criteria

- 5.23. The mandatory criteria identified in Appendix 1 sections 1.7-1.11 will apply.
- 5.24. The following groups will be eligible to apply
 - 5.24.1. The four priority groups identified in the guidance
 - 5.24.2. Childcare nurseries with rateable value, annual rent or annual mortgage up to £51,000
- 5.25. With the exception of bed and breakfasts, businesses operating from residential premises will not be eligible to apply.
- 5.26. No other business group will be eligible to apply.
- 5.27. Only businesses located in Haringey will be eligible to apply.

Grant Calculation

- 5.28. Grants will be based on a payment of 3 months rent plus fixed property costs.
- 5.29. If an applicant has received a rent holiday from their landlord, then any grant payment will be reduced accordingly.
- 5.30. It would however be possible to allocate a top up to grant payments if there is any funding left once initial grant payments from the discretionary fund allocation are made.
- 5.31. Priority for a top up to be given to those who had their initial grant payment capped.
- 5.32. In the event there is any funding left after applying a top up as identified in 5.31, it is recommended that a top up payment is made to all successful applicants up to a cap of £10,000.
- 5.33. It would be more straightforward to make a fixed grant payment to all applicants, but this would not enable us to support as many local businesses.

Application and Checking Process



- 5.34. The application and checking process has been designed to ensure payments are made to successful applicants as quickly as possible.
- 5.35. This will be an application process. It is recommended that applications are open for a 2 week window.

Financial Implications

- 5.36. Sensitivity testing of the proposed criteria and grant calculation method has been undertaken.
- 5.37. This has been done on estimated potential applicants, with estimated rent and fixed premises costs.
- 5.38. This has been done to provide assurance, as best we can, the proposed scheme is affordable within the funding allocation.
- 5.39. For the purpose of the sensitivity testing, fixed costs have been assumed at 20% of rent.
- 5.40. Potential costs based on these assumptions are:

	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper
	Range No.	Range No.	Range	Range
	applicants	applicants	Estimate	Estimate
Shared Office/Workspace -				
Self Contained - Ave				
£950pm rent	550	650	1,881,000	2,223,000
Shared Office/Workspace -				
Coworking - Ave £200pm				
rent	200	300	144,000	216,000
Regular Market Traders -				
Ave £950 pm costs	10	20	51,300	68,400
Bed and Breakfast -				
Assume £5k grant cap	5	10	25,000	50,000
Charity Properties -				
Assume £5k Grant Cap	135	135	675,000	675,000
			2,776,30	3,232,40
Total 4 Priority Groups			0	0
Nurseries - Assume £51k				
RV cap and £5k grant cap	70	70	350,000	350,000
			3,126,30	3,582,40
Total inc nurseries			0	0

5.41. It can be seen that the lower range of the estimate is within the funding allocation. Above that lower range, not every eligible applicant will receive a grant.

6. Contribution to strategic outcomes



6.1. The Discretionary Grant Fund Scheme as detailed in this report will help maintain a sustainable economy by providing financial support to as many businesses as possible within the agreed criteria, thus increasing the likelihood of those businesses being able to reopen as COVID measures allow.

7. Statutory Officers comments (Chief Finance Officer (including procurement), Assistant Director of Corporate Governance, Equalities)

Finance

- 7.1. The baseline funding allocation for the discretionary funding scheme is £3.153m.
- 7.2. Finance have been involved in the determination of fair basis for the distribution of the grant to the 5 categories of eligible business identified in the borough.
- 7.3. This basis and principles as highlighted in sections 5.14 5.15 and 5.28 -5.33 ensure that the available funds are distributed to eligible businesses in fair proportion.
- 7.4. The upper range estimates as shown in table 5.41 would create a pressure of about £0.4m if all the estimated applicants are successful.
- 7.5. In the event of this, the total pay-out will be limited to £3.153m in line with the Local scheme principles.

Procurement

7.6. There are no procurement implications.

Legal

- 7.7. Section 1 of the Localism Act 2011 provides all local authorities with the powers to make these grant payments to eligible businesses. Local authorities have discretion to make payments of any amount up to the value. £25,000, £10,000 or any amount under £10,000.
- 7.8. Grants under the Local Authority Discretionary Grants Fund are capped at £25,000. Government Guidance states that it expects payments of under £10,000 may be appropriate in many cases.
- 7.9. It will be for local authorities to adapt eligibility criteria to local circumstances, such as providing support for micro-businesses with fixed costs or support for businesses that are crucial for their local economies. Local authorities should set out clear criteria for determining the appropriate level of grant to give businesses clarity.



- 7.10. The award of discretionary reliefs, discounts or grants are considered State aid. The De Minimus rules have been increased to €800,000 (£734,000) subject to certain conditions.
- 7.11. Therefore, any organisation qualifying for this grant will be required to return a declaration confirming that the award of the grant will not exceed State aid limits.

Equality

- 7.12. The Council has a Public Sector Equality Duty under the Equality Act (2010) to have due regard to the need to:
 - 7.12.1. Eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation and any other conduct prohibited under the Act
 - 7.12.2. Advance equality of opportunity between people who share those protected characteristics and people who do not
 - 7.12.3. Foster good relations between people who share those characteristics and people who do not.
- 7.13. The three parts of the duty applies to the following protected characteristics: age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy/maternity, race, religion/faith, sex and sexual orientation. Marriage and civil partnership status applies to the first part of the duty.
- 7.14. The proposed decision is to approve the Haringey Discretionary Grant Scheme to provide financial support to small and micro businesses who were not eligible for the Small Business Grant or the Retail, Hospitality and Leisure Grant.
- 7.15. This will impact business owners and employees working in small and micro businesses in the borough. The government recommended four groups are eligible for the grant as they were not covered by previous government support schemes in relation to COVID-19: small businesses in shared office or other flexible workspaces (including co-working space); regular market traders with fixed property costs; bed and breakfasts; charity properties. The Council recommends adding a fifth group, nurseries, due to the social and economic value they provide by supporting residents to return to work.
- 7.16. The vast majority of businesses are SMEs, employing fewer than 250 people (accounting for 99% of businesses in the borough). 91% of businesses in Haringey are micro in size, employing between 0 and 9 employees.
- 7.17. Half of business owners in the borough are of a white background, with a variety of other ethnicities also being business owners. Commons backgrounds include Black, Asian, Turkish, (each representing c. 5% of business owners), and Middle Eastern (<5%). A much higher proportion of business owners tended to be male, accounting for 84% of businesses. 1% of business owners are LGBT and 1% are disabled.
- 7.18. In terms of employment, young people, female and BAME residents in Haringey are more likely to be economically inactive than older people, male



- and white residents. Male residents are more likely to be in self-employment than female residents. 1 in 4 residents in employment are self-employed. Self-employed people are eligible for the proposed scheme.
- 7.19. The objective is to provide a grant to all eligible businesses, while recognising that if demand exceeds supply grants will be processed in order of receipt, meaning that some eligible businesses will not receive a grant.
- 7.20. The proposed decision will improve the viability of small and micro businesses in Haringey which, in turn, provide employment for Haringey's diverse communities.
- 7.21. Officers have identified the risk that demand for the grant may exceed supply, resulting in the imposition of a first-come first-served administration of the scheme. To mitigate this in order that the scheme remains equitable, officers will have to effectively communicate the availability of the scheme to all communities in the borough. This may entail communication through online and offline channels and through business networks in all areas of the borough. It may require communication in languages other than English.
- 7.22. The decision to support childcare nurseries should benefit women, who are underrepresented in the labour market in the borough, as they are more likely to be prevented from returning to work if childcare nursery businesses were to fail.
- 7.23. In summary, the decision is likely to lead to increased business viability in the borough which will ameliorate some of the worst effects of the widened inequalities caused by the COVID-19 pandemic by providing income, employment and continued circulation of money through local supply chains. The decision to support childcare nurseries should have a positive impact on addressing inequalities faced by women, by improving access to childcare facilities so that they may return to work.

8. Use of Appendices

Appendix 1 - The Discretionary Grants Fund Scheme and Government Guidance Appendix 2 - Haringey Discretionary Grant Scheme

9. Local Government (Access to Information) Act 1985 N/A





Appendix 1

The Discretionary Grants Fund Scheme and Government Guidance

Funding

- 1.1. Where there is residual funding from the SBG and RHLG allocations, this should be used to fund the 5% DGF allocation. Where there is insufficient or no residual funding, the government will provide additional funding. Haringey will have sufficient residual allocation to fund the 5% DGF allocation.
- 1.2. Should authorities end up paying out more SBG and RHLG than projected, then the 5% baseline allocation will be increased with an additional payment being made by the government to meet this additional expenditure. If a lower than projected spend is incurred, the baseline 5% will not be reduced. Haringey is not expected to spend in excess of this projection.

Grant Payment Levels

- 1.3. Local authorities have discretion to make grant payments of any amount under £10,000. It will be for local authorities to adapt this approach to local circumstances, such as providing support to micro businesses with fixed costs, or support for businesses that are crucial to their local economies. The guidance states that payments under £10,000 may be appropriate in many cases.
- 1.4. In taking decisions on the appropriate level of grant payments, the guidance suggests local authorities may want to take into account the level of fixed costs, number of employees, whether the business has had to close completely and are unable to trade online and the consequent scale of impact of COVID-19 losses.

Government guidance on who should benefit from the Scheme

- 1.5. These grants are primarily and predominately aimed at:
 - 1.5.1. Small and micro businesses as defined in Section 33 Part 2 of the Small Business, Enterprise and Employment Act 2015 and the Companies Act 2006.
 - 1.5.2. Businesses with relatively high ongoing fixed property costs.
 - 1.5.3. Businesses which can demonstrate that they have suffered a significant fall in income due to the COVID-19 crisis.
 - 1.5.4. Businesses which occupy property or part of a property, with a rateable value or annual rent or annual mortgage payments below £51,000.

- 1.6. The guidance sets out four business types it is asking local authorities to prioritise:
 - 1.6.1. Small businesses in shared offices or other flexible workspaces which do not have their own rates assessment.
 - 1.6.2. Regular market traders with fixed building costs such as rent, who do not have their own rates assessment.
 - 1.6.3. Bed and Breakfast which pay Council Tax instead of business rates.
 - 1.6.4. Charity properties in receipt of charitable business rates relief which would otherwise have been eligible for Small Business Rates Relief or Rural Rate Relief.

Eligibility

- 1.7. Businesses which are eligible for cash grants from any central government COVID related scheme (apart from SEISS) are ineligible for funding from this scheme. Such grant schemes include but are not limited to:
 - 1.7.1. Small Business Grant Fund
 - 1.7.2. Retail, Hospitality and Leisure Grant Fund
 - 1.7.3. The Fisheries Response Fund
 - 1.7.4. Domestic Seafood Supply Scheme
 - 1.7.5. The Zoos Support Fund
 - 1.7.6. The Dairy Hardship Fund
- 1.8. Businesses who have applied for the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme are eligible to apply for this scheme.
- 1.9. Businesses who are eligible for the Self Employed Income Support Scheme (SEISS) are eligible to apply for this scheme.
- 1.10. Only businesses who were trading on 11 March 2020 are eligible.
- 1.11. Companies that are in administration, are insolvent or where a striking off notice has been made are not eligible for funding under this scheme.

Haringey Discretionary Grant Scheme

Principles applied to developing Haringey's Local Scheme

- 1.1. As there are limited resources available for this scheme, and in order to support as many local businesses as possible, grants will be capped at £5k.
- 1.2. The scheme has been designed with this grant cap, with the objective of being able to pay a grant to all eligible businesses who are successful with their applications.
- 1.3. However, it should be recognised that it is possible more applications may be received from eligible businesses then estimated. In this event, applications will be processed in order of receipt until all the allocated funding has been used. This could mean that some businesses who apply in the 2 week window will not be successful in their application.

Priority Groups

- 1.4. In line with the guidance shown in appendix 1 section 1.5.4, nurseries with a rateable value or annual rent or annual mortgage below £51,000 will be eligible.
- 1.5. The estimated number of businesses who could be supported across the five groups:
 - 1.5.1. Small businesses in shared office or other flexible workspaces (including co-working space) **750-950**
 - 1.5.2. Regular market traders with fixed property costs **10-20**
 - 1.5.3. Bed and Breakfasts 5-10
 - 1.5.4. Charity properties 135
 - 1.5.5. Nurseries **70**

Application and Checking Process

- 1.6. An online application form has been designed that collects information required to check eligibility, calculate grant payments and make the payment as quickly as possible.
- 1.7. The form allows for uploading of supporting documentation at time of application (although with instructions on how to email this if any issues).
- 1.8. Applicants will be given a unique reference number and instructed to quote this in all correspondence.

- 1.9. There will be a declaration that is 'signed' with applicant confirming eligibility and that State Aid requirements are met by accepting the grant.
- 1.10. There will be a statement regarding fraudulent declarations.
- 1.11. Audit & Risk have been part of the team developing the scheme and have agreed that the majority of information provided will be on a self-declaration basis with spot checking being undertaken.
- 1.12. Applications will be checked to ensure a payment has not been made under either of the initial 2 schemes.
- 1.13. Checks will be done with Companies House where relevant.
- 1.14. We will use workspace providers and landlords to verify some information such as occupancy and rent levels – applicants are advised of this on the form.
- 1.15. If a business is considered eligible for either of the other 2 schemes, then they will be processed under the relevant scheme.
- 1.16. We will endeavour to process all applications in 5 working days.